

Thurs. week 2

Function Composition

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-4}$$

$$\textcircled{1} f(7) = \frac{1}{7-4} = \frac{1}{3} \quad (\text{evaluating functions})$$

$$f(\textcircled{7}) = \frac{1}{\textcircled{7}-4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} f(f(x)) &= \frac{1}{f(x)-4} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{x-4}\right) - 4} \stackrel{\text{simplify}}{=} \frac{1}{\frac{1 - 4(x-4)}{x-4}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\frac{17-4x}{x-4}} = 1 \cdot \frac{x-4}{17-4x} = \frac{x-4}{17-4x} \end{aligned}$$

Basic Examples of Function Composition

1

$$f(x) = x + 4$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

Notation: $f \circ g(x) = f(g(x))$
f composed w/ g

$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = g(x) + 4 = \frac{1}{x^2} + 4$$

$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = \frac{1}{(f(x))^2} = \frac{1}{(x+4)^2}$$

not the same
(b/c $f \circ g(1) \neq g \circ f(1)$)

2

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+3}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1-3x}{x}$$

(we get $f \circ g(x) = x$ only because f and g are inverse functions)

$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = \frac{1}{g(x)+3} = \frac{1}{\frac{1-3x}{x} + 3\left[\frac{x}{x}\right]} = \frac{1}{\frac{1-3x}{x} + \frac{3x}{x}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1-3x+3x}{x}} = \frac{1}{\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]} = x$$

$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = \frac{1-3 \cdot f(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{1-3\left(\frac{1}{x+3}\right)}{\left[\frac{1}{x+3}\right]} = \frac{\frac{x+3}{x+3} - \frac{3}{x+3}}{\left[\frac{1}{x+3}\right]} = \frac{\frac{x+3-3}{x+3}}{\left[\frac{1}{x+3}\right]} = \frac{x}{x+3} \cdot \frac{x+3}{1} = x$$

Ex:

$$f(x) = \frac{1-5x}{2x-3}$$

find $f^{-1}(x)$ (inverse function)

$$x = \frac{1-5y}{2y-3}$$

cross-mult,

$$(2y-3)x = 1-5y$$

dist.

$$2yx - 3x = 1 - 5y$$

collect

$$2yx + 5y = 1 + 3x$$

$$y(2x+5) = 1+3x$$

$$y = \frac{1+3x}{2x+5} = f^{-1}(x)$$