

Week 9,

Monday

▼ 1. trig equations

a. period of functions

b. quadratic

▼ c. exponential

i. $e^{\sin(x)} = 1$

▼ d. logarithmic

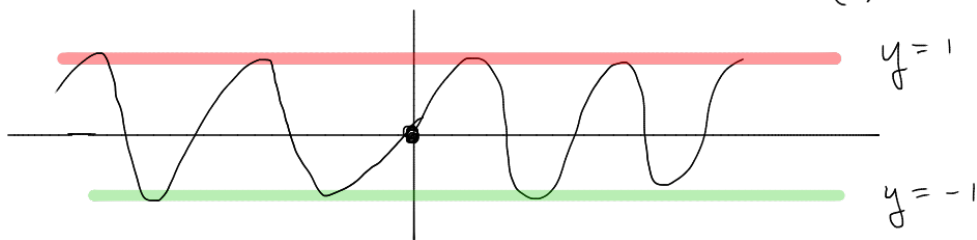
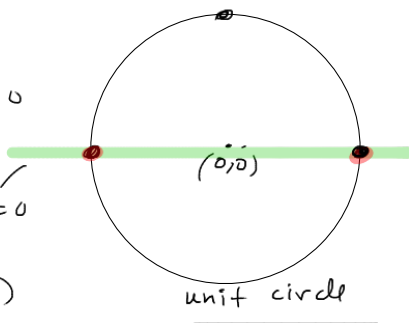
i. $\ln(\tan(x)) = 0$

Graphs / Periods of Trig Functions

$f(x) = \sin(2\pi) \leftarrow$ (height) y -value for angle $= x$.

max: 1
min: -1
period: 2π

zeros: (the input that make $\sin(x) = 0$)
; $0, \pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, \dots, n \cdot \pi$ w/ $n \in \mathbb{Z}$
n is an integer
(0, $\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3$)



EX Solve $\sin(\theta) = 0$.

① Find all sols w/in unit circle:

$\theta = 0$ and $\theta = \pi$

② Add all multiples of the period to each sol'n

$\theta = 0 + 2\pi \cdot n$ (even multiples of π)
 $\theta = \pi + 2\pi \cdot n$ (odd multi. of π) $(n \in \mathbb{Z})$

graph of $y = \cos(x)$

$$f(t) = \cos(t) \quad (\text{x-value for angle } t)$$

max: 1

min: -1

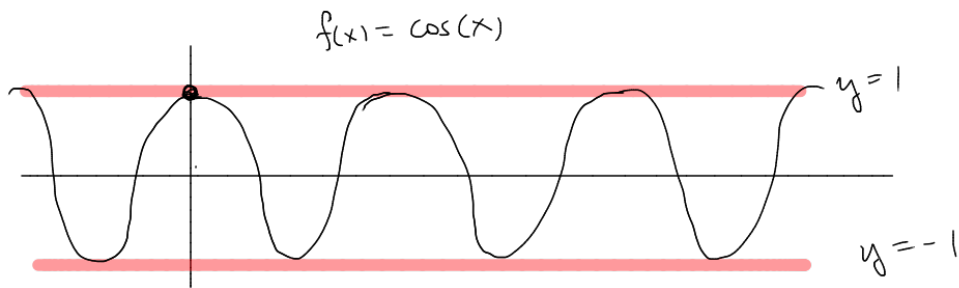
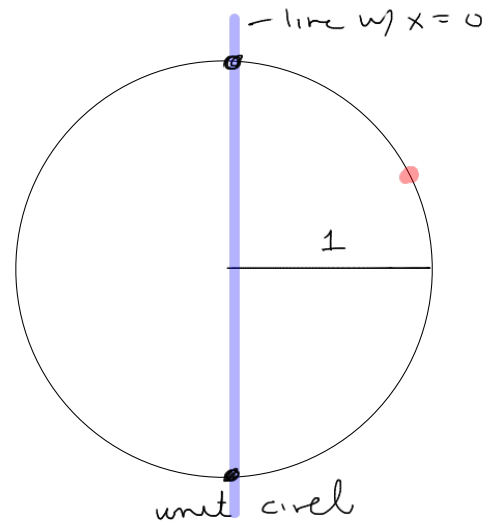
period: 2π

$$\text{zeros: } \pi/2 + 2\pi k$$

$$3\pi/2 + 2\pi k$$

$$f(0) = \cos(0) = 1$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{eg } \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi \cdot 7 \\ = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{14\pi \cdot 2}{2} \\ = \frac{29\pi}{2} \end{array} \right)$$



$f(\theta) = \tan(\theta)$ (slope of the line through origin
the terminal point for θ)

max - none

min - none

period - π

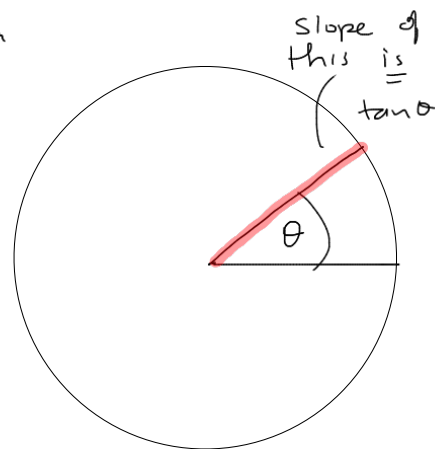
zeros - $0, \pi, \dots$
all zeros in unit circle $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 + \pi k \\ \pi + \pi k \end{array} \right.$

asymptotes: $\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$ initial ones \rightsquigarrow

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{2} + \pi k$$

$$f(0) = 0$$



Equations

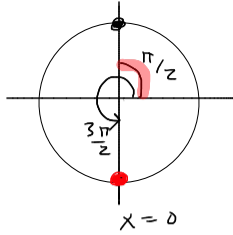
Find all possible solutions

①

$$\cos(x) = 0$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = x\text{-coord} = 0 \text{ for } 90^\circ$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = x\text{-coord} = 0 \text{ for } 270^\circ$$



$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k$$

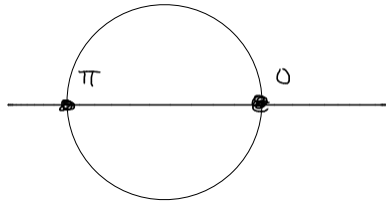
$$\frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k$$

②

$$e^{\sin(x)} = 1$$

$$\ln(e^{\sin(x)}) = \ln(1)$$

$$\sin(x) = 0$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 0 + 2\pi k \\ \pi + 2\pi k \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 2\pi k \text{ even} \\ (2k+1)\pi \text{ odd} \end{array} \Rightarrow \pi n, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

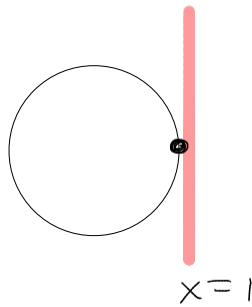
③

$$\ln(\cos(x)) = 0$$

$$e^0 = 1$$

$$\cos(x) = e^0 = 1$$

where do x-coords = 1
(what angle)



$$0 + 2\pi k$$

$$2\pi k$$