

thus. wk 3

Today: 3.1 (Derivatives)

$$\frac{\text{Factors of } AC = 9 \cdot 20 = 180}{45 + 4}$$

warm-up

Determine the given one-sided limit. Express the limit, if it exists, exactly in decimal form.

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{9x^2 - 49x + 20}{x^2 - 25} = \frac{9 \cdot 25 - 49 \cdot 5 + 20}{0} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\frac{9x^2 - 45x - 4x + 20}{(x-5)(x+5)} = \frac{9x(x-5) - 4(x-5)}{(x-5)(x+5)} = \frac{(x-5)(9x-4)}{(x-5)(x+5)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{9x-4}{x+5} \stackrel{\text{d.s.}}{=} \frac{45-4}{5+5} = \frac{41}{10}$$

$$\frac{45-4}{5+5} = \frac{41}{10}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{9x^2 - 49x + 20}{x^2 - 25} =$$

4.1

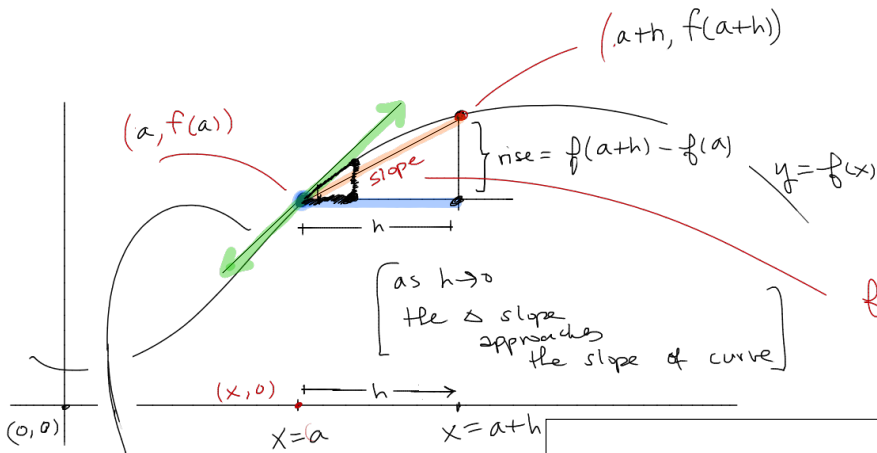
Derivative

want to know!

slope of curve at point



rise
run



$$\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \text{slope}$$

the derivative of $f(x)$ at a

Slope of this tangent line

=

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

f prime of a

on wed, wk 3

① we let $f(x) = 5x^2$

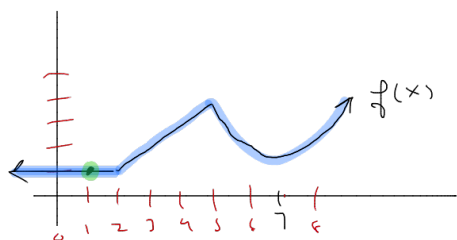
we computed $f'(x) = 10x$

② let $f(x) = 3\sqrt{x}$, computed $f'(x) = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{x}}$

③ let $f(x) = \frac{5}{x}$, computed $f'(x) = \frac{-5}{x^2}$

What is the derivative?

- slope of tangent line to graph



Q: Where is $f'(x)$ positive?
 $(2, 5) \cup (7, \infty)$

zero? $(-\infty, 2) \cup \{7\}$

{peaks & troughs
have derivatives
that = 0}

Q: $f'(1) = 0$ find $x=1$, give slope @ this spot

$$f'(3) =$$

$$f'(7) =$$

Question 9 of 12

Suppose that f is a function such that $f(3+h) - f(3) = 2h^2 + 3h$.
(key: true for all possible h values)

Calculate $f'(3)$.

(Give your answer as a whole or exact number.)

$f'(3) =$

Calculate the slope of the secant line through $(3, f(3))$ and $(5, f(5))$.

(Give your answer as a whole or exact number.)

$f(3+2)$
set $h=2$ in given.

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

derivative
of f @ a

limit
 $h \rightarrow 0$ difference quotient

$$f'(3) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h}$$

ans

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h^2 + 3h}{h} = \frac{h(2h+3)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2h + 3 = 3$$