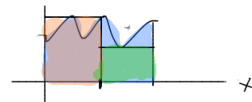
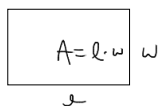
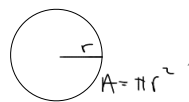


thurs wk 9

Ch 5 (S.1, S.2) Integral Calculus

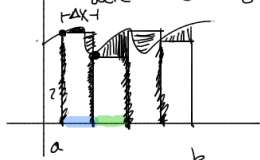
Q: how to calculate area?



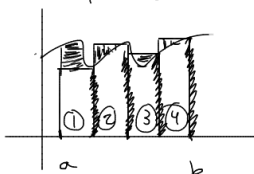
A. approximate the area w/ small rectangles, compute area of each, add repeat, but with more (smaller) rectangles

Find area under curve $f(x)$, from a to b .

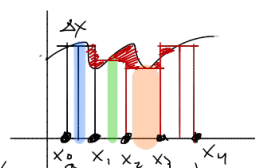
Ex L_4 (left endpoints) determine heights



R_4 (right)



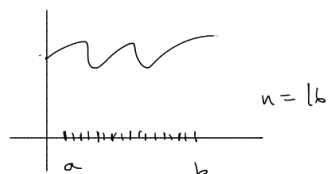
M_4



using midpoint to dictate height

$$\frac{x_0 + x_1}{2}, \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{x_2 + x_3}{2}$$

$n=4$ (# rectangles)

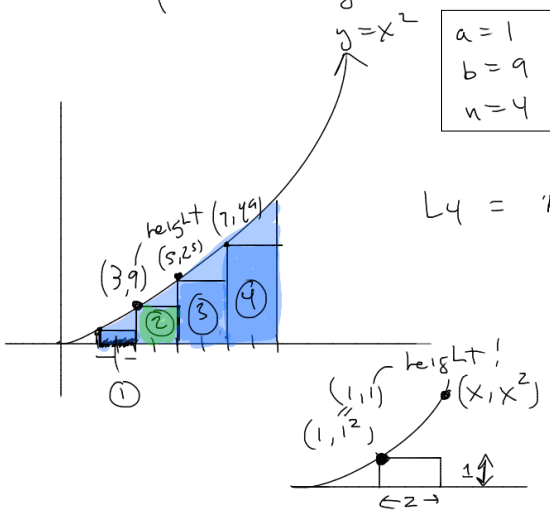


$\infty \quad n \rightarrow \infty$

Approx gets better

Example

approximate
 $f(x) = x^2$, find area under curve from $x=1$ to 9 using
 4 rectangles



width of rectangle

$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{9-1}{4} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$L_4 = \text{Area } \textcircled{1} + \text{Area } \textcircled{2} + \text{Area } \textcircled{3} + \text{Area } \textcircled{4} = 168 \text{ units}^2$$

$\Delta x \cdot 1^2$	$\Delta x \cdot 3^2$	$\Delta x \cdot 5^2$	$\Delta x \cdot 7^2$
2	18	50	98
2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2

start @ 0 end @ 3

$$= \Delta x f(x_0) + \Delta x f(x_1) + \Delta x f(x_2) + \Delta x f(x_3)$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^3 \Delta x f(x_i) = \Delta x \sum_{i=0}^3 f(x_i) \quad \leftarrow \text{left endpoints}$$

<https://www.desmos.com/calculator/tnawmju5t5>

the precise area under the curve $f(x)$ from a to b

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=0}^n f(x_i) \cdot \Delta x$$

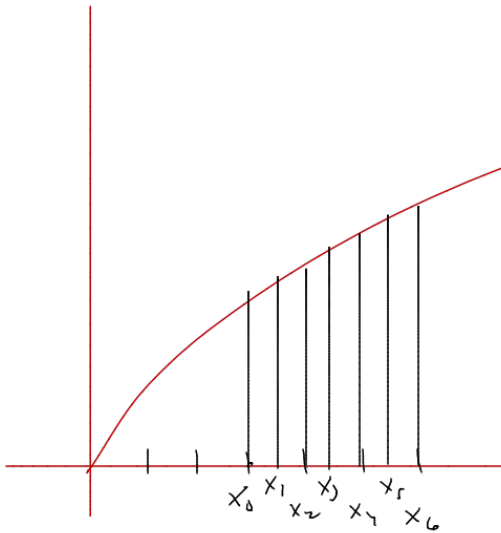
Ex

$$y = \sqrt{7x}$$

on $[3; 6]$

approx area under curve

w/ M_6



$$y = \sqrt{7x}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{6-3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x_0 = 3$$

$$x_1 = 3 + \frac{1}{2} = 3.5$$

$$x_2 = 3 + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 4.5$$

$$x_3 = 3 + 3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$