

### table integration & improper integrals

1. Use the end paper for this one - which formula applies?  
 a. table, formula # 117 with  $u = e^x \rightarrow du = e^x dx$

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{6e^x - e^{2x}}} dx &= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cdot 3 \cdot e^x - (e^x)^2}} (e^x) dx \\ \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2au - u^2}} du &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{a-u}{a} \right) + C \\ &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{3-e^x}{3} \right) + C \end{aligned}$$

- b. table, formula # 113 with  $u = e^x \rightarrow du = e^x dx$

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^x \sqrt{6e^x - e^{2x}} dx &= \int \sqrt{2 \cdot 3 \cdot e^2 - (e^x)^2} (e^x) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{2au - u^2} du = \frac{u-a}{2} \sqrt{2au - u^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{a-u}{a} \right) + C \\ &\quad \frac{e^2 - 3}{2} \sqrt{6e^x - e^{2x}} + \frac{9}{2} \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{3-e^x}{3} \right) + C \end{aligned}$$

2. Improper integrals

a.

$$\begin{aligned}\int_1^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx &= \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} \left[ \int_1^b x^{-2} dx \right] = \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} [-x^{-1}]_1^b \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} \left[ -\frac{1}{b} - \left( -\frac{1}{1} \right) \right] = 0 + 1 = 1\end{aligned}$$

b.

$$\begin{aligned}\int_1^{+\text{inf}ty} \frac{1}{x} dx &= \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} \left[ \int_1^b \frac{1}{x} dx \right] = \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} [\ln|x|]_1^b \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} [\ln b - \ln 1] = \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} \ln b = +\infty\end{aligned}$$

This integral diverges.

c.

$$\begin{aligned}\int_1^5 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} dx &= \lim_{b \rightarrow 1^+} \left[ \int_b^5 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} dx \right] = \lim_{b \rightarrow 1^+} [2\sqrt{x-1}]_b^5 \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow 1^+} [2\sqrt{5-1} - 2\sqrt{b-1}] = 2\sqrt{4} - 0 = 4\end{aligned}$$

d.

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx &= \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx + \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx \\ &= \lim_{c \rightarrow -\infty} \int_c^0 \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} \int_0^b \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx \\ &= \lim_{c \rightarrow -\infty} [\tan^{-1} x]_c^0 + \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} [\tan^{-1} x]_0^b \\ &= \lim_{c \rightarrow -\infty} [\tan^{-1} 0 - \tan^{-1} c] + \lim_{b \rightarrow +\infty} [\tan^{-1} b - \tan^{-1} 0] \\ &= \left[ 0 - \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right] + \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \right] = \pi\end{aligned}$$